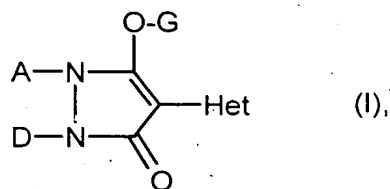


Patent claims

1. A compound of the formula (I)



in which

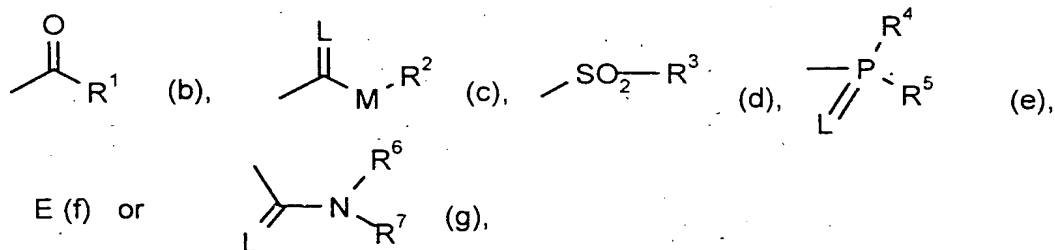
- 5        Het    represents in each case optionally substituted thiazolyl (A), oxazolyl (B) or pyrazolyl (C),

- A    represents hydrogen, in each case optionally halogen-substituted alkyl, alkenyl or alkoxyalkyl,

- 10       D    represents hydrogen or an optionally substituted radical from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxyalkyl, polyalkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, saturated or unsaturated cycloalkyl in which optionally one or more ring members are replaced by heteroatoms, arylalkyl, aryl, hetarylalkyl or hetaryl, or

- A and D together with the atoms to which they are attached represent a saturated or unsaturated cycle which is unsubstituted or substituted in the A, D moiety and  
15       optionally contains at least one heteroatom,

- G    represents hydrogen (a) or represents one of the groups



in which

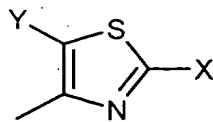
- E    represents a metal ion equivalent or an ammonium ion,

- 20       L    represents oxygen or sulfur,

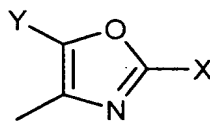
- M represents oxygen or sulfur,
- R<sup>1</sup> represents in each case optionally cyano- or halogen-substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, polyalkoxyalkyl or optionally halogen-, alkyl- or alkoxy-substituted cycloalkyl which may be interrupted by at least one heteroatom,
- 5 R<sup>2</sup> represents in each case optionally halogen-substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, polyalkoxyalkyl or represents in each case optionally substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl or benzyl,
- 10 R<sup>3</sup> represents alkyl, haloalkyl or represents in each case optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl,
- R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> independently of one another represent in each case optionally halogen-substituted alkyl, alkoxy, alkylamino, dialkylamino, alkylthio, alkenylthio, cycloalkylthio and represent in each case optionally substituted phenyl, benzyl,
- 15 R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> independently of one another represent hydrogen, in each case optionally halogen-substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, represent optionally substituted phenyl, represent optionally substituted benzyl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached represent a cycle which is
- 20 optionally interrupted by oxygen or sulfur.

2. The compound of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, in which

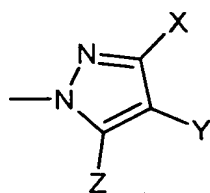
Het represents



(I-1)

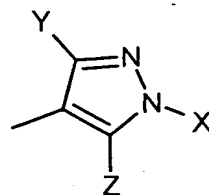


(I-2)



(I-3)

or



(I-4)

X represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, represents optionally halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy-, nitro- or cyano-substituted phenyl,

5 Y represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, chlorine or bromine,

Z represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy or in each case optionally C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-, halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy-, cyano- or nitro-substituted phenyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyloxy or hetaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyloxy or optionally C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl- or halogen-substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl,

10 A represents hydrogen, in each case optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl,

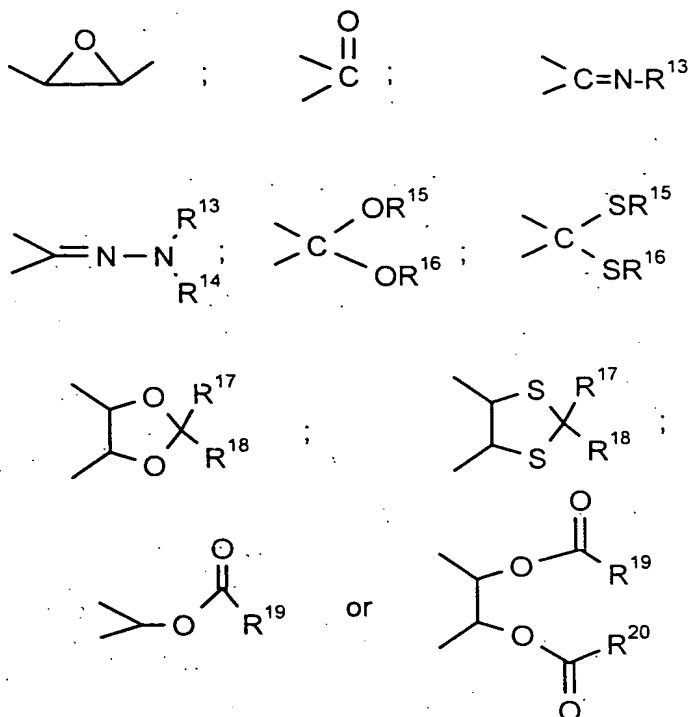
15 D represents hydrogen, in each case optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, poly-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkylthio-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, optionally halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl-substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl in which optionally one ring member is replaced by oxygen or sulfur, or represents in each case optionally halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy-, cyano- or nitro-substituted phenyl, hetaryl having 5 or 6 ring atoms, phenyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or hetaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl having 5 or 6 ring atoms, or

A and D together represent in each case optionally substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkanediyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenediyl in which optionally one methylene group is replaced by nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur,

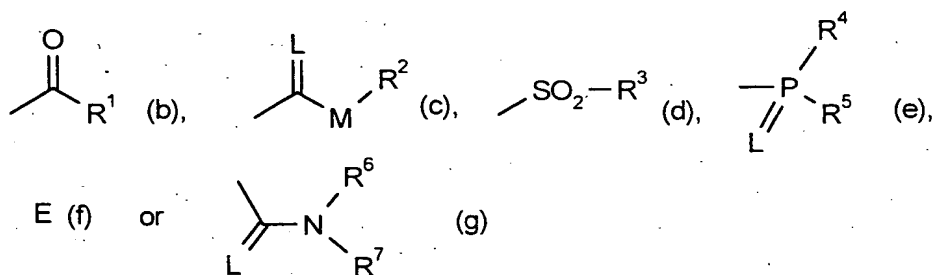
possible substituents being in each case:

25 halogen, hydroxyl, mercapto or in each case optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>-cycloalkyl, phenyl or benzyl-

oxy, or a further C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkanediyl grouping, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenediyl grouping or a butadienyl grouping which is optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or which optionally contains one of the following groups



5 G represents hydrogen (a) or represents one of the groups



in which

E represents a metal ion equivalent or an ammonium ion,

L represents oxygen or sulfur and

M represents oxygen or sulfur,

10 R<sup>1</sup> represents in each case optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylthio-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, poly-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-

alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl or optionally halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl in which optionally one or more not directly adjacent ring members are replaced by oxygen and/or sulfur,

represents optionally halogen-, cyano-, nitro-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulfonyl-substituted phenyl,

represents optionally halogen-, nitro-, cyano-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy-substituted phenyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,

represents optionally halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-substituted 5- or 6-membered hetaryl,

represents optionally halogen- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-substituted phenoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or

represents optionally halogen-, amino- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-substituted 5- or 6-membered hetaryloxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>2</sup> represents in each case optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, poly-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl,

represents optionally halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl in which optionally one ring atom is replaced by oxygen, or

represents in each case optionally halogen-, cyano-, nitro-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy-substituted phenyl or benzyl,

R<sup>3</sup> represents optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl or represents in each case optionally halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy-, cyano- or nitro-substituted phenyl or benzyl,

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> independently of one another represent in each case optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylamino, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkenylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>-cycloalkylthio or represent in each case optionally halogen-, nitro-, cyano-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl-substituted phenyl, phenoxy or phenylthio,

5  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently of one another represent hydrogen, represent in each case optionally halogen-substituted  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkoxy,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl, represent optionally halogen-,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -haloalkyl-,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl- or  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkoxy-substituted phenyl, optionally halogen-,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl-,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -haloalkyl- or  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkoxy-substituted benzyl or together represent an optionally  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl-substituted  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkylene radical in which optionally one carbon atom is replaced by oxygen or sulfur,

10  $R^{13}$  represents in each case optionally halogen-substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy or represents in each case optionally  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -alkyl- or  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -alkoxy-substituted cyclopropyl or cyclohexyl, or

$R^{14}$  represents hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl, or

$R^{13}$  and  $R^{14}$  together represent  $C_4$ - $C_6$ -alkanediyl,

$R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$  are identical or different and represent  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or

15  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$  together represent a  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkanediyl radical which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,

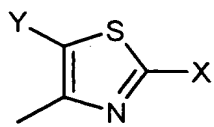
$R^{17}$  and  $R^{18}$  independently of one another represent hydrogen, represent optionally halogen-substituted  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl or represent optionally halogen-,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl-,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy-,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl-,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy-, nitro- or cyano-substituted phenyl, or

20  $R^{17}$  and  $R^{18}$  together with the carbon atom to which they are attached represent a carbonyl group or represent optionally  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -alkyl- or  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -alkoxy-substituted  $C_5$ - $C_7$ -cycloalkyl in which optionally one methylene group is replaced by oxygen or sulfur,

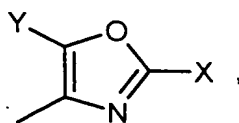
25  $R^{19}$  and  $R^{20}$  independently of one another represent  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylamino,  $C_3$ - $C_4$ -alkenylamino, di- $(C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)amino or di- $(C_3$ - $C_4$ -alkenyl)amino.

3. The compound of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 in which

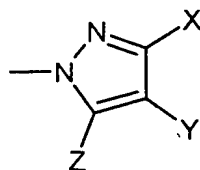
Het represents



(I-1)

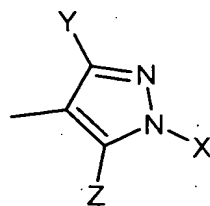


(I-2)



(I-3)

or



(I-4)

X represents  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkyl, represents phenyl which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano,

5 Y represents hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl or, in the case of Het (I-1) and (I-3), also represents chlorine or bromine,

10 Z represents  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy or represents benzyloxy or hetarylmethyloxy having 5 or 6 ring atoms, each of which radicals is optionally mono- or disubstituted by  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy, fluorine, chlorine, bromine,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkoxy, cyano or nitro,

A represents hydrogen or represents  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkenyl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_2$ -alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine;

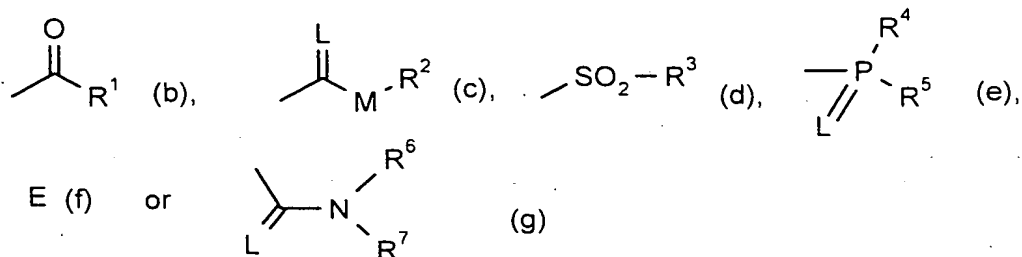
15 D represents hydrogen, represents  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, represents  $C_3$ - $C_7$ -cycloalkyl in which optionally one methylene group is replaced by oxygen or sulfur and which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkyl, or represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl-,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkyl-,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- or  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkoxy-substituted phenyl or phenyl- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or

20

A and D together represent optionally mono- or disubstituted  $C_3$ - $C_5$ -alkanediyl or  $C_3$ - $C_5$ -alkenediyl in which optionally one methylene group may be replaced by a

carbonyl group, oxygen or sulfur, possible substituents being hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy,

G represents hydrogen (a) or represents one of the groups



in which

E represents a metal ion equivalent or an ammonium ion,

L represents oxygen or sulfur and

M represents oxygen or sulfur,

R<sup>1</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>16</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>16</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to pentasubstituted by fluorine or chlorine, or represents C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>-cycloalkyl in which optionally one or two not directly adjacent ring members are replaced by oxygen and/or sulfur and which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkoxy,

represents phenyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfonyl,

represents phenyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkoxy,

represents pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl or thienyl, each of which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, trifluoromethyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy,



$R^2$  represents  $C_1$ - $C_{16}$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{16}$ -alkenyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to pentasubstituted by fluorine,

represents  $C_3$ - $C_7$ -cycloalkyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy, or

5 represents phenyl or benzyl, each of which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -haloalkoxy,

10  $R^3$  represents  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl which is optionally mono- to pentasubstituted by fluorine or represents phenyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -haloalkoxy, cyano or nitro,

15  $R^4$  represents  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylamino, di- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl)amino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_4$ -alkenylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkylthio, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, or represents phenyl, phenoxy or phenylthio, each of which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, nitro, cyano,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -haloalkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -haloalkyl,

$R^5$  represents  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio,

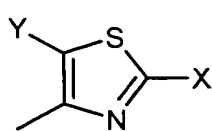
20  $R^6$  represents  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, each of which is mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, represents phenyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy, represents benzyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,

25  $R^7$  represents hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl, or

$R^6$  and  $R^7$  together represent a  $C_4$ - $C_5$ -alkylene radical in which optionally one methylene group is replaced by oxygen or sulfur and which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by methyl or ethyl.

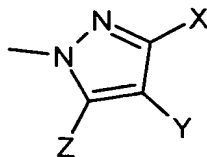
4. The compound of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 in which

30 Het represents



(I-1)

or



(I-3)

X represents methyl, ethyl, propyl, trifluoromethyl, represents phenyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, trifluoromethoxy, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, tert-butoxy, cyano or nitro,

Y represents hydrogen in the case of Het (I-3) or represents methyl, ethyl, propyl, chlorine or bromine in the case of Het (I-1),

Z represents methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, difluoromethoxy or trifluoroethoxy,

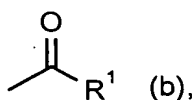
A represents hydrogen, methyl or ethyl,

D represents hydrogen, represents methyl, ethyl, allyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, or represents phenyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy,

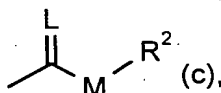
or

A and D together represent optionally substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkanediyl in which optionally one carbon atom is replaced by oxygen and which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by methyl, ethyl, methoxy or ethoxy,

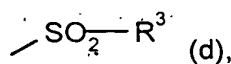
G represents hydrogen (a) or represents one of the groups



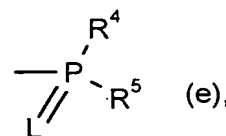
(b),



(c),



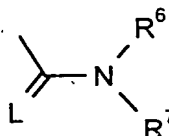
(d),



(e),

E (f)

or



(g)

in which

E represents a metal ion equivalent or an ammonium ion,

L represents oxygen or sulfur and

M represents oxygen or sulfur,

5 R<sup>1</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylthio-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, or represents cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl, each of which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, methyl, ethyl or methoxy,

10 represents phenyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, methyl, ethyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy,

represents thienyl or pyridyl, each of which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine or methyl,

15 R<sup>2</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkenyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine,

represents cyclohexyl which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl or methoxy,

20 or represents phenyl or benzyl, each of which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, cyano, nitro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy,

R<sup>3</sup> represents methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or represents phenyl which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano or nitro,

25 R<sup>4</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, or represents phenyl, phenoxy or phenylthio, each of which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-fluoroalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-fluoroalkylthio or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>5</sup> represents methoxy, ethoxy, methylthio or ethylthio,

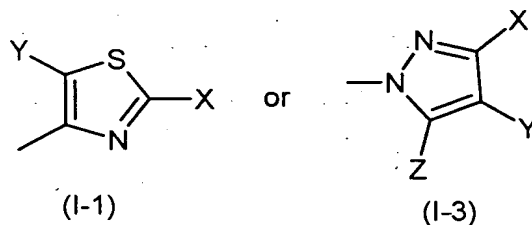
R<sup>6</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, represents phenyl which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, trifluoromethyl, methyl or methoxy, represents benzyl which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, trifluoromethyl or methoxy,

R<sup>7</sup> represents hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl or allyl, or

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> together represent a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylene radical in which optionally one methylene group is replaced by oxygen or sulfur.

5. The compound of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 in which

Het represents



X represents phenyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy or trifluoromethoxy,

Y represents hydrogen in the case of Het (I-3) or methyl, ethyl or propyl in the case of Het (I-1),

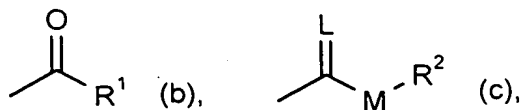
Z represents methyl, ethyl, propyl or isopropyl,

A represents methyl or ethyl,

D represents methyl or ethyl,

A and D represent C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkanediyl in which optionally one carbon atom is replaced by an oxygen atom,

G represents hydrogen (a) or represents one of the groups



in which

L represents oxygen and

M represents oxygen,

5  $\text{R}^1$  represents  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_8$ -alkyl,  $\text{C}_2$ - $\text{C}_4$ -alkenyl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_2$ -alkoxy- $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_2$ -alkyl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_2$ -alkylthio- $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_2$ -alkyl, cyclopropyl or cyclohexyl,

represents phenyl which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, methyl, ethyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, tert-butoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy,

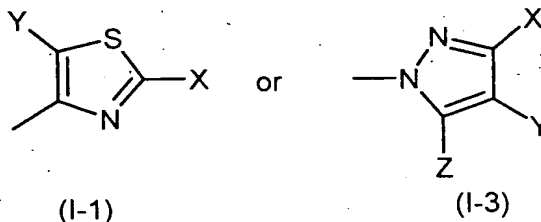
10 represents pyridyl which is optionally monosubstituted by chlorine or methyl,

$\text{R}^2$  represents  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_8$ -alkyl,  $\text{C}_2$ - $\text{C}_4$ -alkenyl or  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_4$ -alkoxy- $\text{C}_2$ - $\text{C}_3$ -alkyl,

or represents phenyl or benzyl, each of which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, cyano, nitro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy.

15 6. The compound of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 in which

Het represents



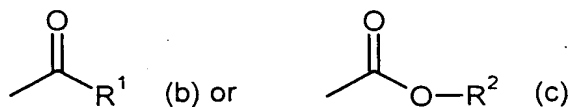
X represents phenyl which is optionally monosubstituted by chlorine,

20 Y represents hydrogen in the case of Het (I-3) or methyl or propyl in the case of Het (I-1),

Z represents methyl,

A and D represent C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkanediyl in which optionally one carbon atom is replaced by an oxygen atom,

G represents hydrogen (a) or represents one of the groups

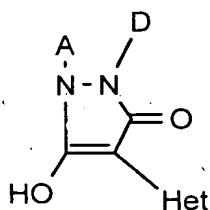


5  $\text{R}^1$  represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl,

$\text{R}^2$  represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl.

7. A process for preparing compounds of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that, to obtain

A) compounds of the formulae (I-1-a) to (I-4-a),



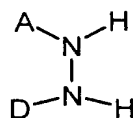
(I-1-a) to (I-4-a)

10

in which

A, D and Het are as defined above,

compounds of the formula (II)



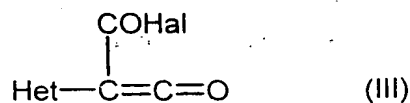
(II)

15

in which

A and D are as defined above

$\alpha$ ) are reacted with compounds of the formula (III)



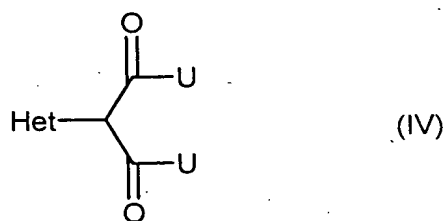
in which

Het is as defined above,

if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of an acid acceptor, or

5

β) are reacted with compounds of the formula (IV)



in which

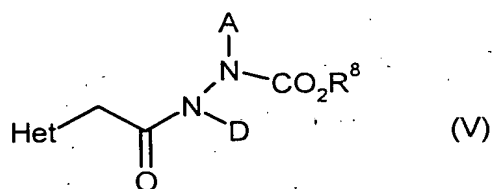
Het is as defined above

and U represents  $\text{C}-\text{R}^8$ , where  $\text{R}^8 = \text{C}_1\text{-C}_8\text{-alkyl}$ ,

10

if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of a base, or

γ) are reacted with compounds of the formula (V)



in which

15

A, D, Het and  $\text{R}^8$  are as defined above,

if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of a base,

(B) compounds of the formulae (I-1-b) to (I-4-b) shown above in which A, D,  $\text{R}^1$  and Het are as defined above, compounds of the formulae (I-1-a) to (I-4-a) shown above in which A, D and Het are as defined above are in each case

20

(α) reacted with acid halides of the formula (VI)



in which

5  $\text{R}^1$  is as defined above and

$\text{Hal}$  represents halogen

or

(β) reacted with carboxylic anhydrides of the formula (VII)



10 in which

$\text{R}^1$  is as defined above,

if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of an acid binder;

15 (C) compounds of the formulae (I-1-c) to (I-4-c) shown above in which A, D,  $\text{R}^2$ , M and Het are as defined above and L represents oxygen, compounds of the formulae (I-1-a) to (I-4-a) shown above in which A, D and Het are as defined above are in each case

reacted with chloroformic esters or chloroformic thioesters of the formula (VIII)



20 in which

$\text{R}^2$  and M are as defined above,

if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of an acid binder;



(D) compounds of the formulae (I-1-c) to (I-4-c) shown above in which A, D, R<sup>2</sup>, M and Het are as defined above and L represents sulfur, compounds of the formulae (I-1-a) to (I-4-a) shown above in which A, D and Het are as defined above are in each case

reacted with chloromonothioformic esters or chlorodithioformic esters of the formula (XI)



in which

M and R<sup>2</sup> are as defined above,

if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of an acid binder,

and

(E) compounds of the formulae (I-1-d) to (I-4-d) shown above in which A, D, R<sup>3</sup> and Het are as defined above, compounds of the formulae (I-1-a) to (I-4-a) shown above in which A, D and Het are as defined above are in each case

reacted with sulfonyl chlorides of the formula (X)



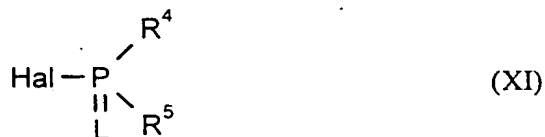
in which

R<sup>3</sup> is as defined above,

if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of an acid binder,

(F) compounds of the formulae (I-1-e) to (I-4-e) shown above in which A, D, L, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and Het are as defined above, compounds of the formulae (I-1-a) to (I-4-a) shown above in which A, D and Het are as defined above are in each case

reacted with phosphorus compounds of the formula (XI)



in which

L, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are as defined above and

Hal represents halogen,

5 if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of an acid binder,

(G) compounds of the formulae (I-1-f) to (I-4-f) shown above in which A, D, E and Het are as defined above, compounds of the formulae (I-1-a) to (I-4-a) in which A, D and Het are as defined above are in each case

10 reacted with metal compounds or amines of the formulae (XII) and (XIII), respectively,



in which

Me represents a mono- or divalent metal

15 t represents the number 1 or 2 and

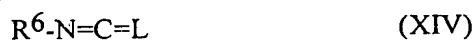
R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> independently of one another represent hydrogen or alkyl,

if appropriate in the presence of a diluent,

(H) compounds of the formulae (I-1-g) to (I-4-g) shown above in which A, D, L, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup> and Het are as defined above, compounds of the formulae (I-1-a) to (I-4-a) shown above in which A, D and Het are as defined above are in each case

20

(α) reacted with isocyanates or isothiocyanates of the formula (XIV)



in which

$R^6$  and  $L$  are as defined above,

if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of a catalyst, or

- 5 (B) reacted with carbamide chlorides or thiocarbamide chlorides of the formula (XV)

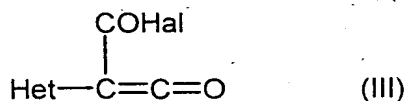


in which

$L$ ,  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are as defined above,

- 10 if appropriate in the presence of a diluent and if appropriate in the presence of an acid binder.

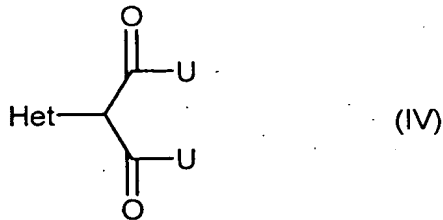
8. A compound of the formula (III)



in which

- 15 Het and Hal are as defined above.

9. A compound of the formula (IV)

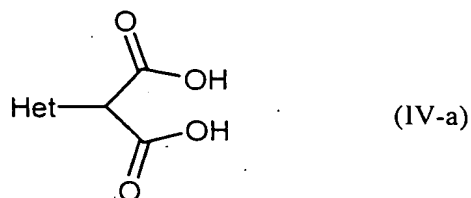


in which

Het and U are as defined above,

except for diethyl (1,3,5-trimethyl-1H-pyrazolyl)malonate and diethyl [1-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-3,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]malonate.

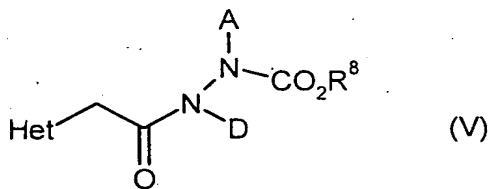
10. A compound of the formula (IV-a)



- 5 in which

Het is as defined above,

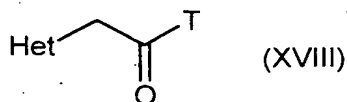
11. A compound of the formula (V)



- 10 in which

A, D, Het and R<sup>8</sup> are as defined above.

12. A compound of the formula (XVIII)



in which

- 15 Het and T are as defined above.

13. A pesticide and/or herbicide, characterized in that it comprises at least one compound of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1.

14. A method for controlling animal pests and/or unwanted vegetation, characterized in that compounds of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 are allowed to act on pests and/or their habitat.
15. The use of compounds of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 for controlling animal pests and/or unwanted vegetation.
16. A process for preparing pesticides and/or herbicides, characterized in that compounds of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 are mixed with extenders and/or surfactants.
17. The use of compounds of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 for preparing pesticides and/or herbicides.
- 10 18. A composition, comprising an effective amount of an active compound combination comprising, as components
  - (a') at least one hetaryl-substituted pyrazolidinedione derivative of the formula (I) in which A, D, G and Het are as defined above
  - and
  - 15 (b') at least one crop plant compatibility-improving compound from the following group of compounds:
 

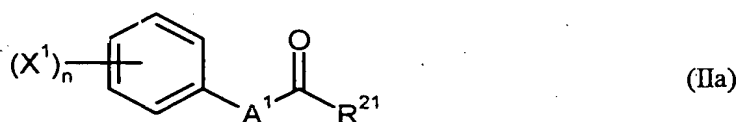
4-dichloroacetyl-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (AD-67, MON-4660), 1-dichloroacetylhexahydro-3,3,8a-trimethylpyrrolo[1,2-a]pyrimidin-6(2H)-one (dicyclonon, BAS-145138), 4-dichloroacetyl-3,4-dihydro-3-methyl-2H-1,4-benzoxazine (benoxacor), 1-methylhexyl 5-chloroquinoline-8-oxyacetate (cloquintocet-mexyl - cf. also related compounds in EP-A-86750, EP-A-94349, EP-A-191736, EP-A-492366), 3-(2-chlorobenzyl)-1-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)urea (cumyluron),  $\alpha$ -(cyanomethoximino)phenylacetonitrile (cyometrinil), 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D), 4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)butyric acid (2,4-DB), 1-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-3-(4-methylphenyl)urea (daimuron, dymron), 3,6-dichloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid (dicamba), S-1-methyl 1-phenylethyl piperidine-1-thiocarboxylate (dimepiperate), 2,2-dichloro-N-(2-oxo-2-(2-propenyl-amino)ethyl)-N-(2-propenyl)acetamide (DKA-24), 2,2-dichloro-N,N-di-2-propenylacetamide (dichlormid), 4,6-dichloro-2-phenylpyrimidine (fencloirim),
- 20
- 25

ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-trichloromethyl-1H-1,2,4-triazole-3-carboxylate (fenchlorazole-ethyl - cf. also related compounds in EP-A-174562 and EP-A-346620), phenylmethyl 2-chloro-4-trifluoromethylthiazole-5-carboxylate (flurazole), 4-chloro-N-(1,3-dioxolan-2-ylmethoxy)- $\alpha$ -trifluoroacetophenone oxime (fluxofenim), 3-dichloroacetyl-5-(2-furanyl)-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine (furilazole, MON-13900), ethyl 4,5-dihydro-5,5-diphenyl-3-isoxazolecarboxylate (isoxadifen-ethyl - cf. also related compounds in WO-A-95/07897), 1-(ethoxycarbonyl)ethyl 3,6-dichloro-2-methoxybenzoate (lactidichlor), (4-chloro-o-tolyloxy)acetic acid (MCPA), 2-(4-chloro-o-tolyloxy)propionic acid (mecoprop), diethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-5-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3,5-dicarboxylate (mefenpyr-diethyl - cf. also related compounds in WO-A-91/07874), 2-dichloromethyl-2-methyl-1,3-dioxolane (MG-191), 2-propenyl 1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane-4-carbodithioate (MG-838), 1,8-naphthalic anhydride,  $\alpha$ -(1,3-dioxolan-2-ylmethoximino)phenylacetonitrile (oxabetrinil), 2,2-dichloro-N-(1,3-dioxolan-2-ylmethyl)-N-(2-propenyl)acetamide (PPG-1292), 3-dichloroacetyl-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine (R-28725), 3-dichloroacetyl-2,2,5-trimethyloxazolidine (R-29148), 4-(4-chloro-o-tolyl)butyric acid, 4-(4-chlorophenoxy)butyric acid, diphenylmethoxyacetic acid, methyl diphenylmethoxyacetate, ethyl-diphenylmethoxyacetate, methyl 1-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate, ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate, ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-isopropyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate, ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate, ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate (cf. also related compounds in EP-A-269806 and EP-A-333131), ethyl 5-(2,4-dichlorobenzyl)-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate, ethyl 5-phenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate, ethyl 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-phenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate (cf. also related compounds in WO-A-91/08202), 1,3-dimethylbut-1-yl 5-chloroquinoline-8-oxyacetate, 4-allyloxybutyl 5-chloroquinoline-8-oxyacetate, 1-allyloxyprop-2-yl 5-chloroquinoline-8-oxyacetate, methyl 5-chloroquinoxaline-8-oxyacetate, ethyl 5-chloroquinoline-8-oxyacetate, allyl 5-chloroquinoxaline-8-oxyacetate, 2-oxoprop-1-yl 5-chloroquinoline-8-oxyacetate, diethyl 5-chloroquinoline-8-oxymalonate, diallyl 5-chloroquinoxaline-8-oxymalonate, diethyl 5-chloroquinoline-8-oxymalonate (cf. also related compounds in EP-A-582198), 4-carboxychroman-4-ylacetic acid

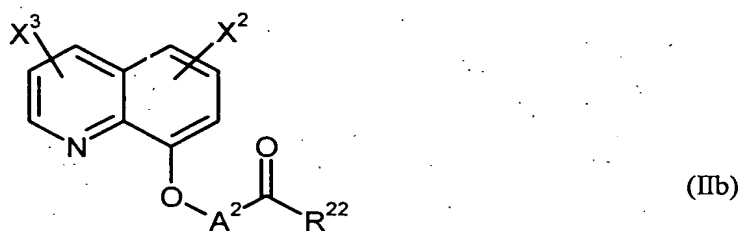
(AC-304415, cf. EP-A-613618), 4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid, 3,3'-dimethyl-4-methoxybenzophenone, 1-bromo-4-chloromethylsulfonylbenzene, 1-[4-(N-2-methoxybenzoylsulfamoyl)phenyl]-3-methylurea (also known as N-(2-methoxybenzoyl)-4-[(methylaminocarbonyl)amino]benzenesulfonamide), 1-[4-(N-2-methoxybenzoylsulfamoyl)phenyl]-3,3-dimethylurea, 1-[4-(N-4,5-dimethylbenzoylsulfamoyl)phenyl]-3-methylurea, 1-[4-(N-naphthylsulfamoyl)phenyl]-3,3-dimethylurea, N-(2-methoxy-5-methylbenzoyl)-4-(cyclopropylamino-carbonyl)benzenesulfonamide,

and/or one of the following compounds, defined by general formulae,

of the general formula (IIa)



or of the general formula (IIb)



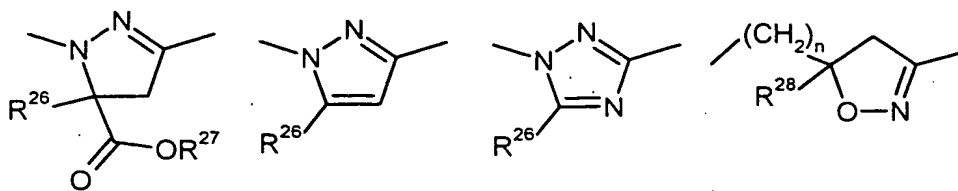
or of the formula (IIc)



where

n represents a number between 0 and 5,

A¹ represents one of the divalent heterocyclic groupings shown below,



n represents a number between 0 and 5,

A<sup>2</sup> represents optionally C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl- and/or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl-substituted alkanediyl having 1 or 2 carbon atoms,

5 R<sup>21</sup> represents hydroxyl, mercapto, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)amino,

R<sup>22</sup> represents hydroxyl, mercapto, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)amino,

10 R<sup>23</sup> represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl,

15 R<sup>24</sup> represents hydrogen, in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, dioxolanyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, furyl, furyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, piperidinyl, or optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-substituted phenyl,

20 R<sup>25</sup> represents hydrogen, in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, dioxolanyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, furyl, furyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, piperidinyl, or optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-substituted phenyl, or together with R<sup>24</sup> represents C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkanediyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-oxaalkanediyl, each of which is optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, phenyl, furyl, a fused benzene ring or by two substituents which, together with the C atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered carbocycle,



$R^{26}$  represents hydrogen, cyano, halogen, or represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl or phenyl,

$R^{27}$  represents hydrogen or in each case optionally hydroxyl-, cyano-, halogen- or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy-substituted  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl or tri( $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)silyl,

$R^{28}$  represents hydrogen, cyano, halogen, or represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl or phenyl,

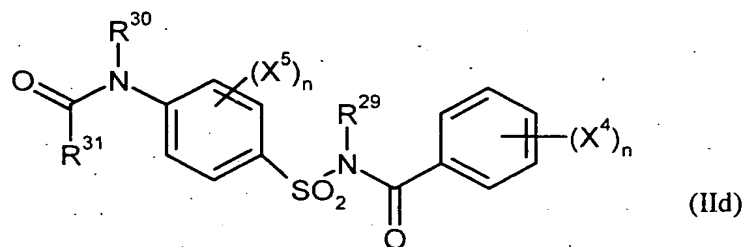
$X^1$  represents nitro, cyano, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy,

$X^2$  represents hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy,

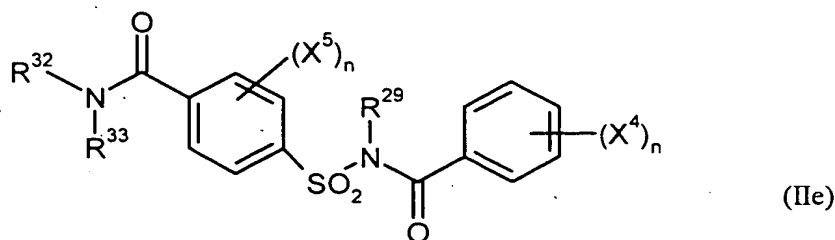
$X^3$  represents hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy,

and/or the following compounds, defined by general formulae,

of the general formula (IIId)



or of the general formula (IIe)



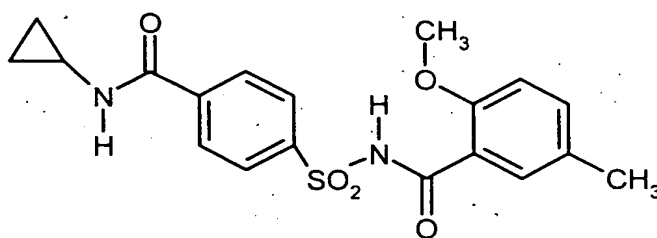
where

- n represents a number between 0 and 5,
- R<sup>29</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl,
- 5 R<sup>30</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl,
- R<sup>31</sup> represents hydrogen, in each case optionally cyano-, halogen- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)amino, or in each case optionally cyano-, halogen- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkylthio or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkylamino,
- 10 R<sup>32</sup> represents hydrogen, optionally cyano-, hydroxyl-, halogen- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, in each case optionally cyano- or halogen-substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, or optionally cyano-, halogen- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl,
- 15 R<sup>33</sup> represents hydrogen, optionally cyano-, hydroxyl-, halogen- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, in each case optionally cyano- or halogen-substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, optionally cyano-, halogen- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, or optionally nitro-, cyano-, halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy- or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy-substituted phenyl, or together with R<sup>32</sup> represents in each case optionally C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-substituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkanediyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-oxaalkanediyl,
- 20 X<sup>4</sup> represents nitro, cyano, carboxyl, carbamoyl, formyl, sulfamoyl, hydroxyl, amino, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, and.

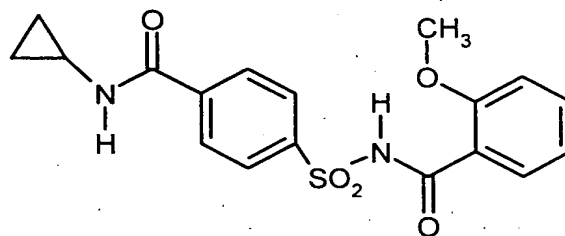
X<sup>5</sup> represents nitro, cyano, carboxyl, carbamoyl, formyl, sulfamoyl, hydroxyl, amino, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy.

19. A composition as claimed in claims 18 where the crop plant compatibility-improving compound is selected from the following group of compounds:

cloquintocet-mexyl, fenchlorazole-ethyl, isoxadifen-ethyl, mefenpyr-diethyl, furilazole, fenclorim, cumyluron, dymron or the compounds



and



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20. The composition as claimed in any of claims 18 or 19 where the crop plant compatibility-improving compound is cloquintocet-mexyl or mefenpyr-diethyl.
21. A method for controlling unwanted vegetation, characterized in that a composition as claimed in claim 18 is allowed to act on the plants or their habitat.
22. The use of a composition as claimed in claim 18 for controlling unwanted vegetation.
23. A method for controlling unwanted vegetation, characterized in that a compound of the formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 and the crop plant compatibility-improving compound as claimed in claim 18 are allowed to act on the plants or of their habitat separately, one soon after the other.